## § 1466.5

available; the reduction of surface and groundwater contamination; and the reduction of contamination from agricultural sources, such as animal feeding operations:

- (2) Conservation of ground and surface water resources;
- (3) Reduction of emissions, such as particulate matter, nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds, and ozone precursors and depleters that contribute to air quality impairment violations of National Ambient Air Quality Standards;
- (4) Reduction in soil erosion and sedimentation from unacceptable levels on agricultural land;
- (5) Promotion of at-risk species habitat conservation including development and improvement of wildlife habitat; and
- (6) Energy conservation to help save fuel, improve efficiency of water use, maintain production, and protect soil and water resources by more efficiently using fertilizers and pesticides.
- (b) In consultation with other Federal agencies and Indian Tribes, NRCS may undertake periodic reviews of the national priorities and the effects of program delivery at the State and local levels to adapt the program to address emerging resource issues. NRCS may:
- (1) Use the national priorities to guide the allocation of EQIP funds to the NRCS State offices;
- (2) Use the national priorities in conjunction with State, Indian Tribes, and local priorities to assist with prioritization and selection of EQIP applications; and
- (3) Periodically review and update the national priorities utilizing input from the public, Indian Tribes, other Federal and State agencies, and affected stakeholders to ensure that the program continues to address priority resource concerns.

## § 1466.5 Outreach activities.

NRCS will establish program outreach activities at the national, State, Tribal, and local levels in order to ensure that producers whose land has environmental problems and priority resource concerns are aware and informed that they may be eligible to apply for program assistance. Special outreach will be made to eligible pro-

ducers with historically low participation rates, including but not restricted to, limited resource, socially disadvantaged, small-scale, or beginning farmers or ranchers, veteran farmers or ranchers, Indian Tribes, Alaska Natives, and Pacific Islanders. NRCS provides outreach so as not to limit producer participation because of size or type of operation, or production system, including small-scale, specialty crop, and organic production.

## §1466.6 Program requirements.

- (a) Program participation is voluntary. An applicant must develop an EQIP plan of operations for the eligible land to be treated that serves as the basis for the EQIP contract. Under EQIP, NRCS provides its participants with technical assistance and payments to plan and apply needed conservation practices.
- (b) To be eligible to participate in EQIP, an applicant must:
- (1) Be in compliance with the highly erodible land and wetland conservation provisions found at part 12 of this title;
- (2) Must be a producer as determined by NRCS;
- (3) Have control of the land for the term of the proposed contract unless an exception is made by the Chief in the case of land administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Indian lands, or other instances in which the Chief determines that there is sufficient assurance of control:
- (i) The Chief may determine that land administered by BIA, Indian land, or other such circumstances provides sufficient assurance of control, and
- (ii) If the applicant is a tenant of the land involved in agricultural production or forestry management, the applicant will provide the Chief with the written concurrence of the landowner in order to apply a structural practice;
- (4) Agree to implement the EQIP plan of operations according to the provisions and conditions established in the EQIP contract, including the EQIP contract appendix;

- (5) Submit an EQIP plan of operations or plan developed for the purposes of acquiring an air or water quality permit, provided these plans contain elements equivalent to those elements required by an EQIP plan of operations and are acceptable to NRCS as being consistent with the purposes of the program;
- (6) Supply information, as required by NRCS, to determine eligibility for the program, including but not limited to, information to verify the applicant's status as a limited resource, beginning farmer or rancher, and payment eligibility as established by 7 CFR part 1400;
- (7) Comply with applicable registration and reporting requirements of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Pub. L. 109–282, as amended), and 2 CFR parts 25 and 170; and
- (8) Provide a list of all members of the legal entity and embedded entities along with members' tax identification numbers and percentage interest in the entity.
- (c) Eligible land includes cropland, grassland, rangeland, pasture, NIPF, and other land on which agricultural products, livestock, or forest-related products are produced and resource concerns may be addressed. Other agricultural lands include cropped woodland, marshes, incidental areas included in the agricultural operation, and other types of agricultural land used for production of livestock. However, land may be considered for enrollment in EQIP only if NRCS determines that the land is:
  - (1) Privately owned land; or
  - (2) Publicly owned land where:
- (i) The land is a working component of the participant's agricultural and forestry operation,
- (ii) The participant has control of the land for the term of the contract, and
- (iii) The conservation practices to be implemented on the public land are necessary and will contribute to an improvement in the identified resource concern; or
  - (3) Indian land.

## $\S 1466.7$ EQIP plan of operations.

(a) All conservation practices in the EQIP plan of operations must be ap-

- proved by NRCS and developed and carried out in accordance with the applicable NRCS planning and FOTG technical requirements.
- (b) The participant is responsible for implementing the EQIP plan of operations according to the approved implementation schedule.
- (c) The EQIP plan of operations must include:
- (1) A description of the participant's specific conservation objectives to be achieved:
- (2) To the extent practicable, the quantitative or qualitative goals for achieving the participant's conservation and natural resource objectives;
- (3) A description of one or more conservation practices in the conservation management system, including conservation planning, design, or installation activities to be implemented to achieve the conservation objectives;
- (4) A description of the schedule for implementing the conservation practices, including timing, sequence, operation, and maintenance; and
- (5) Information that will enable evaluation of the effectiveness of the plan in achieving the conservation objectives.
- (d) If an EQIP plan of operations includes an animal waste storage or treatment facility to be implemented on an AFO, the participant must agree to develop and implement a CNMP by the end of the contract period.
- (e) If an EQIP plan of operations addresses forest land related resource concerns, the participant must implement conservation practices consistent with an approved forest management plan.
- (f) A participant may receive assistance to implement an EQIP plan of operations which includes irrigation related practices to address a water conservation resource concern only if the assistance will facilitate a reduction in ground or surface water use on the agricultural operation, unless the producer is participating in a watershedwide project, as approved by the State Conservationist, which will effectively conserve water in accordance with § 1466.20.

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